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The Federal Assembly – The Parliament of Switzerland

A Production by the Parliamentary Services | 2016/2017







The 200 seats in the National Council are allotted to the 26 cantons according to their respective populations (total number of residents = resident population). The population figures are obtained from the registers in the year following the previous election. Each canton is allotted at least one seat.





The National Council Distribution of seats by parliamentary group

Politically speaking, the Federal Assembly is not divided into parties, but into parliamentary groups. The groups comprise members of the same party or of similarly-platformed parties. 5 1 Speaker 2 First Deputy Speaker 3 Second Deputy Speaker

4 Scrutineers

5 Person speaking

6 Reporters 7 Secretary General 8 Federal Councillors 9 Council Secretaries



Groups	Members
Swiss People's Party	68
Social Democrats	43
FDP. The Liberal Group	33
Christian Democrats	30
Green Group	12
Liberal Democrat Group	7
Green Liberal Group	7
Non-members	0



The National Council President



President of the National Council 2016 / 2017

Jürg Stahl Swiss People's Party / ZH



Debates of the National Council





The regulated floor time

20 minutes

Rapporteurs and members of the Federal Council in general debates

10 minutes

Parliamentary group speakers Other speakers to provide grounds for a motion

5 minutes Individual members



П

Debates of the National Council

5 categories

Open debate

All Council members

Organised debate

The parliamentary group speakers, other members proposed by the groups and the authors of the proposals

III Reduced debate

The committee rapporteurs, the parliamentary group speakers and the authors of proposals

IV

V

Short debate

Rapporteurs, authors of minority proposals and parliamentary initiatives

Written debate

No right to take the floor

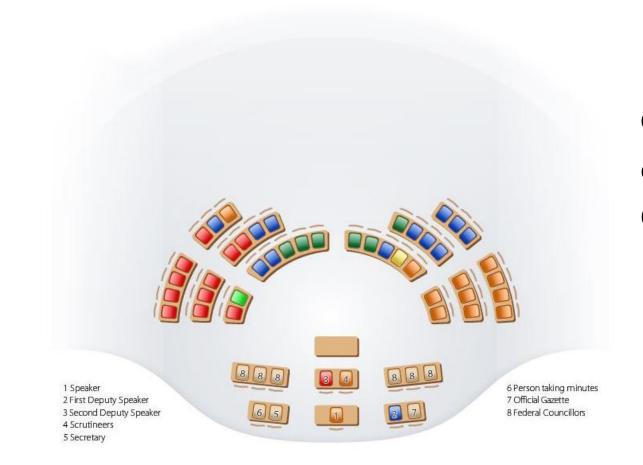






The Council of States has 46 members who represent the cantons. The cantons each send two representatives, with the exception of Obwalden, Nidwalden, Basel-Stadt, Basel-Landschaft, Appenzell Ausserrhoden and Appenzell Innerrhoden, which each send one.

The Council of States Distribution of seats by parliamentary group



Only informal groups exist in the Council of States.

The Council of States Distribution of seats by parliamentary group

Groups	Members
Christian Democrats	13
FDP. The Liberal Group	13
Social Democrats	12
Swiss People's Party	6
Green Group	1
Liberal Democrat Group	1
Green Liberal Group	0
Non-members	0





President of the Council of States 2016 / 2017

Ivo Bischofberger

Christian Democratic Party / AI



Debates of the Council of States





Members who wish to take the floor must submit a request to do so to the president

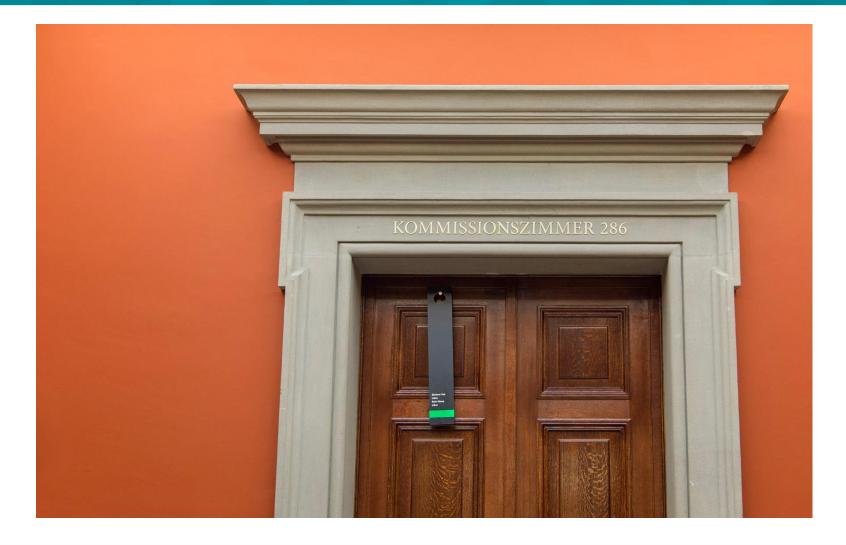
Order:

- Rapporteurs
- Committee members
- Other members

Floor time is unlimited

There is no simultaneous translation in the Council of States







Committees are groups formed from a set number of members of parliament. Their principle task is to discuss the items of business assigned to them before these are debated in the chamber. They also keep abreast of the changes in society and politics affecting their domain, and draw up responses to these developments.



The National Council has 12 permanent committees:

- 9 legislative committees
- 2 supervisory committees
- and the Immunity Committee

National Council: 25 members

The Council of States has 11 permanent committees:

- 9 legislative committees
- 2 supervisory committees

Council of States: 13 members



Legislative Committees

- Foreign Affairs Committees (FAC)
- Science, Education and Culture Committees (SECC)
- Social Security and Health Committees (SSHC)
- Environment, Spatial Planning and Energy Committees (ESPEC)
- Defence Committees (DefC)



Legislative Committees

- Transport and Telecommunications Committees (TTC)
- Economic Affairs and Taxation Committees (EATC)
- Political Institutions Committees (PIC)
- Legal Affairs Committees (LAC)



Supervisory Committee

- Finance Committee (FC)
- Control Committees (CC)



Other Committees

- Committee on Pardons (CP)
- Drafting Committee (DrC)
- Judicial Committee (JC)
- Immunity Committee (IC-N)



In exceptional cases, the Offices of the Council may also order special committees to be set up in addition to the standing committees to debate a specific item of business.







Standing sub-committees constitute a first group of delegations. They are generally entrusted with special assignments.

The second group consists of delegations that represent the Swiss Federal Assembly at international parliamentary gatherings, or that foster relations with the parliaments of neighbouring countries. They constitute a special case among the committees.



Standing sub-committees

- AC Administration Committee
- FinDel Finance Delegation
- CD Control Delegation
- NRLA Delegation for the Supervision of the New Railway Link through the Alps)



Delegations to international Parliamentary Assemblies

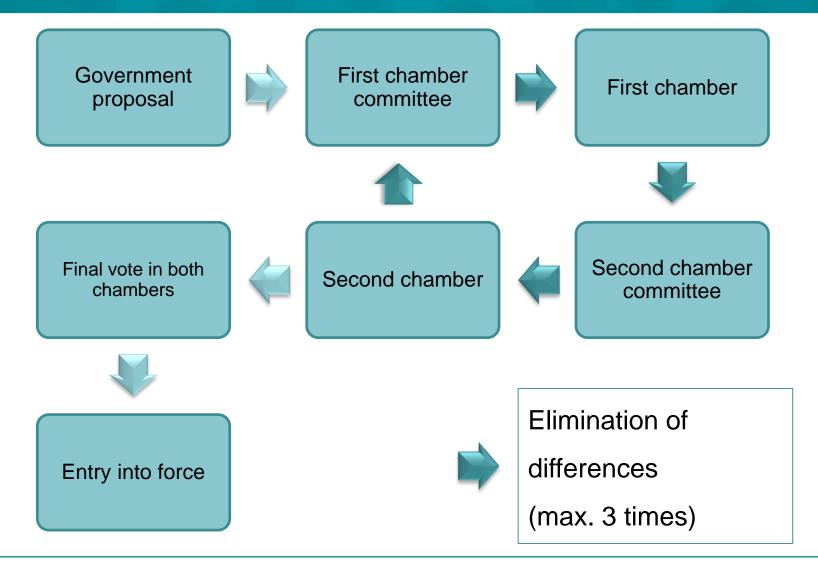
- EFTA/EP European Free Trade Association European
 Parliament
- IPU Inter-Parliamentary Union
- APF Assemblée parlementaire de la Francophonie
- PAOSCE Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe
- DCE Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe
- NATO-PA Swiss Parliamentary Delegation to the NATO-PA



Delegations charged with fostering relations with foreign parliaments

- German Bundestag Del-D
- Austrian Parliament Del-A
- French Parliament Del-F
- Italian Parliament Del-I
- Landtag of Lichtenstein Del-FL





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Referendum and initiative

Optional Referendum

Federal Acts and Federal decrees

50,000 citizens entitled to vote or eight cantons can request a referendum



Referendum and initiative

Compulsory Referendum

Decisions on a total or partial revision of the Federal Constitution

Can be conducted as the result of a popular initiative (100,000 signatures) or a federal decree

Must be submitted to the vote of the people and the cantons



Parliamentary initiative

Enables members to submit a proposal for a constitutional amendment, law or decree

Members can submit a draft of the bill or propose in general terms that such a text be drafted



Motion

Can be submitted by a parliamentary member, a parliamentary group or a parliamentary committee

Both chambers must approve the motion

The motion obliges the Federal Council to submit a draft bill or decree or take appropriate measures as proposed



Question

Request for information from the government on important domestic or foreign affairs

The Federal Council replies in writing before the next session



Postulate

Form of application requiring the Federal Council to determine if a draft bill or decree must be represented or if other appropriate measures must be taken

Approval is only required from the chamber in wich the postulate was submitted



Interpellation

Requests information on important events or matters

May be qualified as urgent







- provide assistance for the Federal Assembly to fulfill its allotted tasks
- plan and organise parliamentary sessions and committee meetings
- carry out secretarial work, translate and draw up reports and minutes
- collate documentation and manage the archives
- advise members of parliament on technical or procedural questions

H The Parliamentary Services



Secretary General as of July 2013

Philippe Schwab



